And then there were eight

THE DIVERSITY of age and playing styles should make the latest eight-player World Championship Candidates matches especially lively. A span of 52 years separates the oldest and youngest qualifiers. At only 19 the USSR's dynamic prodigy Garri Kasparov sits poised for his first assault on the chess summit. One of his rivals is 61-year-old compatriot Vassily Smyslov on an historic bid to reclaim the crown he last wore in 1957.

Mainly due to a few elderly Soviets getting the chop at the Interzonal stage, the average age of this Candidates has actually fallen by almost three years. The newcomers (apart from Kasparov) are Eugene Torre of the Philippines, Zoltan Ribli of Hungary and Russian Alexander Belyavsky - all aged 31. West German Robert Hubner, playing these knockout matches for the third time, is 34. At 45 the top Hungarian Lajos Portisch has participated six times previously in the Candidates matches though this total is bettered by Viktor Korchnoi, the Soviet defector, now 51, who has won the Candidates twice from seven attempts - but both times has been foiled at the final leg by Anatoly Karpov.

No one player clearly dominates the field and the winner of this series will have to meet the mighty Karpov, the 31-year-old World Champion and Soviet No 1. To be objective, the chances of dethroning him in 1984 are slim. Korchnoi seems almost a spent force, and his wife and son have now been released to join him in the West. This must at least partly diffuse the burning desire for revenge that has propelled him in the last two Candidates

dates.

Portisch and the unpredictable
Hubner have chances to reach the
final — but their joint records versus

Karpov are abysmal.

Ribli, Belyavsky and Torre are all marvellous players, but lack experience at this level of match play. Furthermore, they are all of Karpov's generation, and they recognise, as well as anyone, that Anatoly is quite simply the finest chess player of that era. That leaves only the young Kasparov. It is important, psychologically, that his record against the World Champion is intact - three draws on the only occasions they have met. Additionally he is still getting stronger, and stands at 2675 on the July 1982 rating list, compared with Karpov's 2700. Their nearest rival is Korchnoi down at 2635.

But the path through the Candidates is fraught with pitfalls. As I write the drawing of lots has not yet been made, but an early match of say, Kasparov and Belyavsky could be a critical test. Like Karpov, Belyavsky is a practical player, and adopt at exploiting inaccurate play. His speciality is steamrolling weaker opposition. The following game is from this year's Sarajevo tournament where Belyavsky won with 12½/15.

GRUNFELD DEFENCE

A. BELYAVSKY
P. POPO (Yugoslava)
1. d4 Nf6
2. c4 g6
3. Nc3 d5
4. c×d5 N×d5
5. e4 N×c3
6. b×c3 Bg7
7. Nf3 c5
8. Rb11? 0-0
9. Be2 b6?1

Popovic also tried this dubious plan against me when we played at Hastings 1980. Alternatives are 9...Nc6,

9. .. Qa5 and 9. .. Bg4.
10. 0-0 Bb7
11. Qd3 CXd4
12. CXd4 e6

I played 13.Bg5 Qd6 14.Qe3 with some advantage. Belyavsky's idea is similar.

13. . . . Nc6 14. Bg5 Qd6 15. Qe3 Rfe8?! 16. Bb5! a6 17. Bf4 Qd8

On 17...Qd7 Belyavsky gives 18.Ne5 B×e5 19.d×e5 with a big advantage for White in Informator 33.

18. Bf1 Na5 19. Ne5 Rc8 20. h4 h5 If 20. . . Q×h4 21. R×b6.

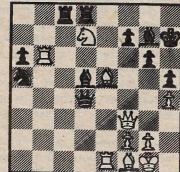
21. Qf3

This threatens 22.N×f7 K×f7 23.Bg5 discovered check.

21. . . . R18 22. a4 Kh7

23. d5! e×d5 24. e×d5 Qe8 25. Re1! Q×a4 26. R×b6 Qd4 27. Nd7 Rfd8 28. Be5 B×d5

The only move. On 28...Q×d5 29.Nf6 ch B×f6 30.Q×f6 Rg8 31.Rd1 with a winning attack, as 31...Q×d1 fails to 32.Q×f7 ch, or 28...B×e5 29.Q×f7 ch Bg7 30.Nf6 ch Kh8 31.Re7 Rg8 32.Q×g6 mating.



29. Qf6

An elegant stroke which wins material. On 29. . .B×f6 30.N×f6 ch Kh6 31.B×d4 White emerges a bishop up.

29. ... Q×e5 30. R×e5 R×d7

Hoping for 31,Qf4 B×e5 32.Q×e5 Nc4 when matters are not so clear.

31. R×d5 Resigns

After 31...B×f6 32.R×d7 Kg7 33.R×a6 Nc4 34.B×c4 R×c4 35.Raa7 the f-pawn falls as well.

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